

2-Year Follow-Up: PRISM Phase 2b Clinical Trial Evaluating Investigational 4D-I50, an Intravitreal Gene Therapy, in a Broad Neovascular AMD Population

First-time data release

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On behalf of the PRISM study investigators



Disclosures

Consultant: Bausch + Lomb, Genentech, Inc., Ocular Therapeutix, Zeiss

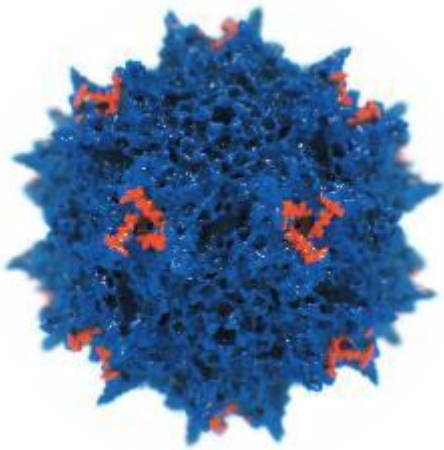
Royalties: Bausch + Lomb, Harrow, Katalyst Surgical/Zeiss

Speakers Bureau: Genentech, Inc.

Investigator: 4D Molecular Therapeutics, Adverum, Allergan, Apellis, Astellas/AIRM, Aura, Aviceda, Chengdu, Kanghong, Cognition, Eluminex, Genentech, Inc., Ionis, Kodiak Sciences, Mylan, NGM Bio, Ocular Therapeutix, Oxurion, Regeneron, Regenxbio, Stealth

4D-I50: A Novel, RI00-Based Dual-Transgene Investigational Gene Therapy

Delivery Vehicle: AAV Capsid (RI00)

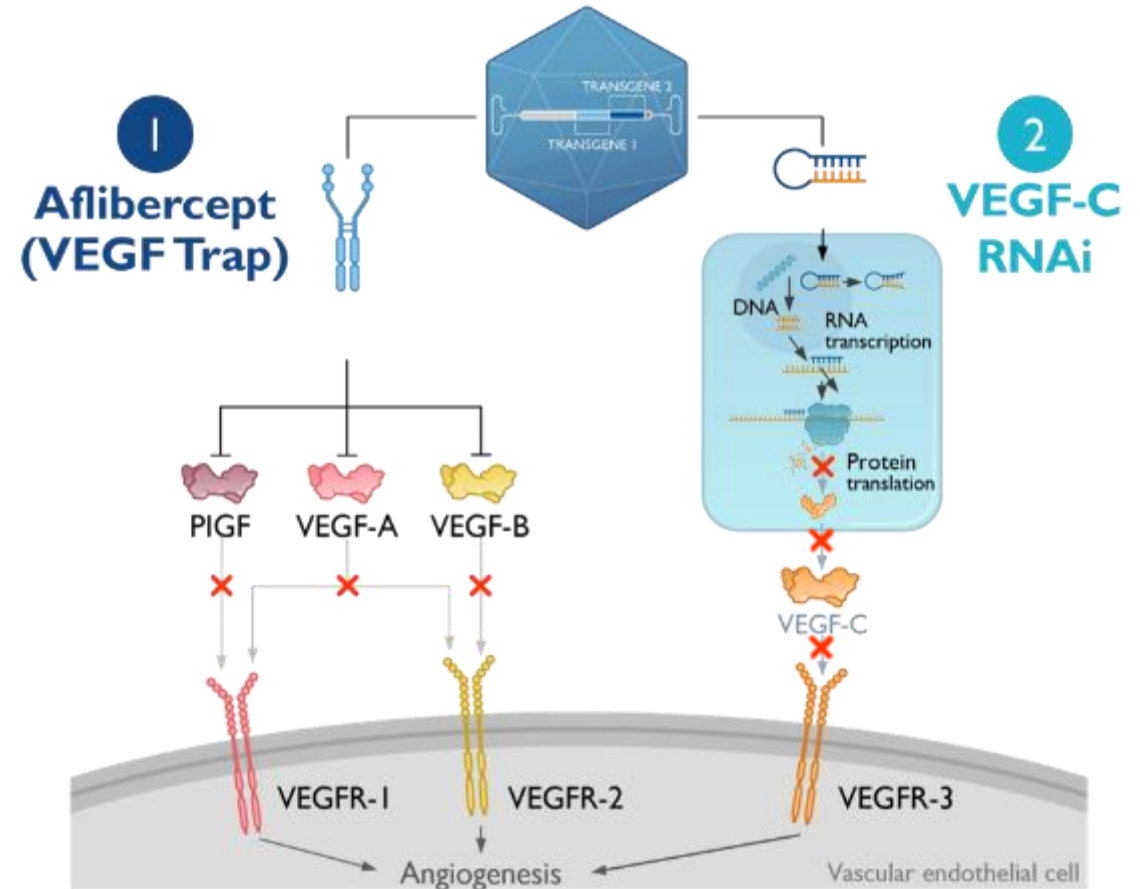


RI00 AAV Capsid Specifically Designed via Therapeutic Vector Evolution for:

- Administration by routine intravitreal injection
- Crossing of vitreoretinal barriers
- Selective and efficient transduction of retinal cells

AAV, adeno-associated virus; PlGF, placental growth factor; RNAi, RNA interference; VEGF, vascular endothelial growth factor.

Dual Transgene Payload: 4D-I50



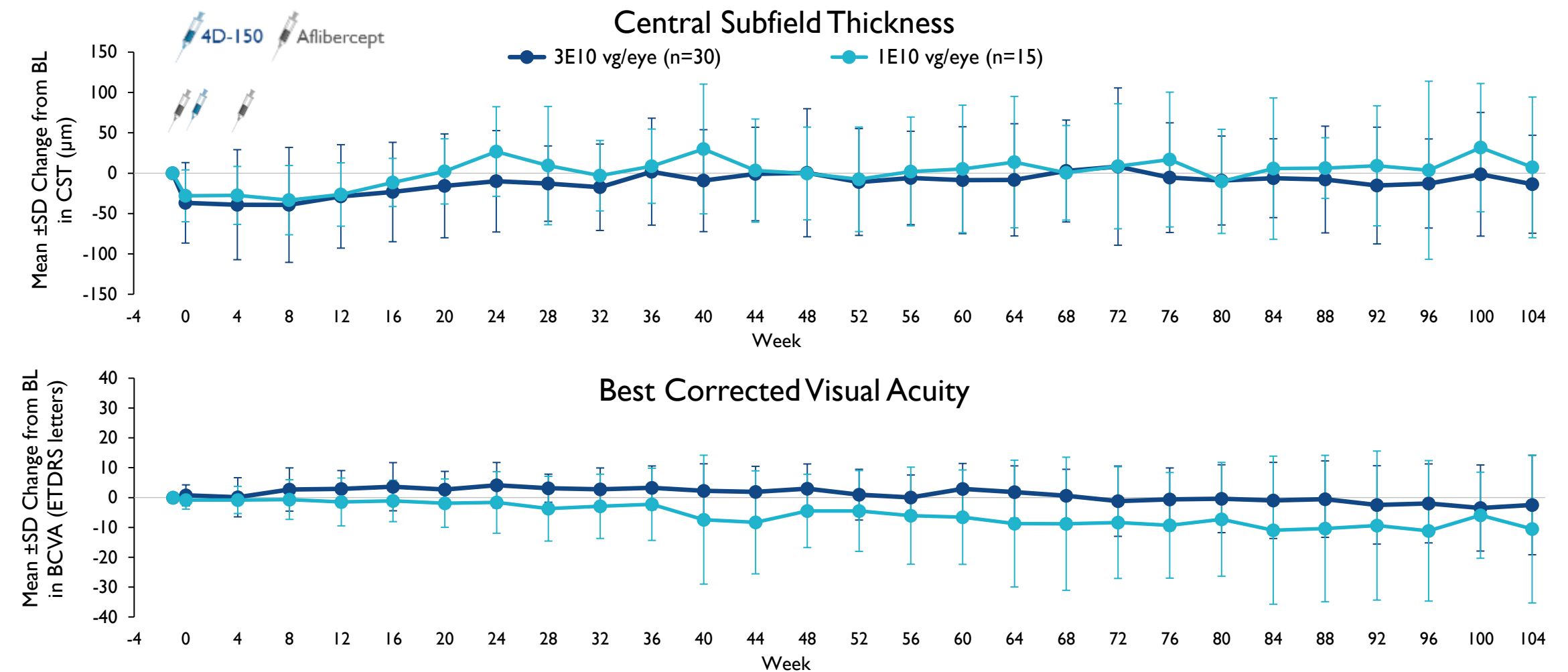
PRISM Clinical Trial: Focus on Phase 2b Cohort

Evaluation of 4D-I50 in a Broad Range of nAMD Populations

	Phase 1/2a	Phase 2b
Phase 3 Dose 3E10 vg/eye (N)	24	30
Population	Severe, Refractory	Broad
Mean Injections in Last 12 Months	10.2	4.4
Mean CST	425 μ m	336 μ m
Mean Time Since Diagnosis	3.7 years	1.8 years

CST, central subfield thickness; nAMD, neovascular age-related macular degeneration; vg/eye, vector genomes per eye.

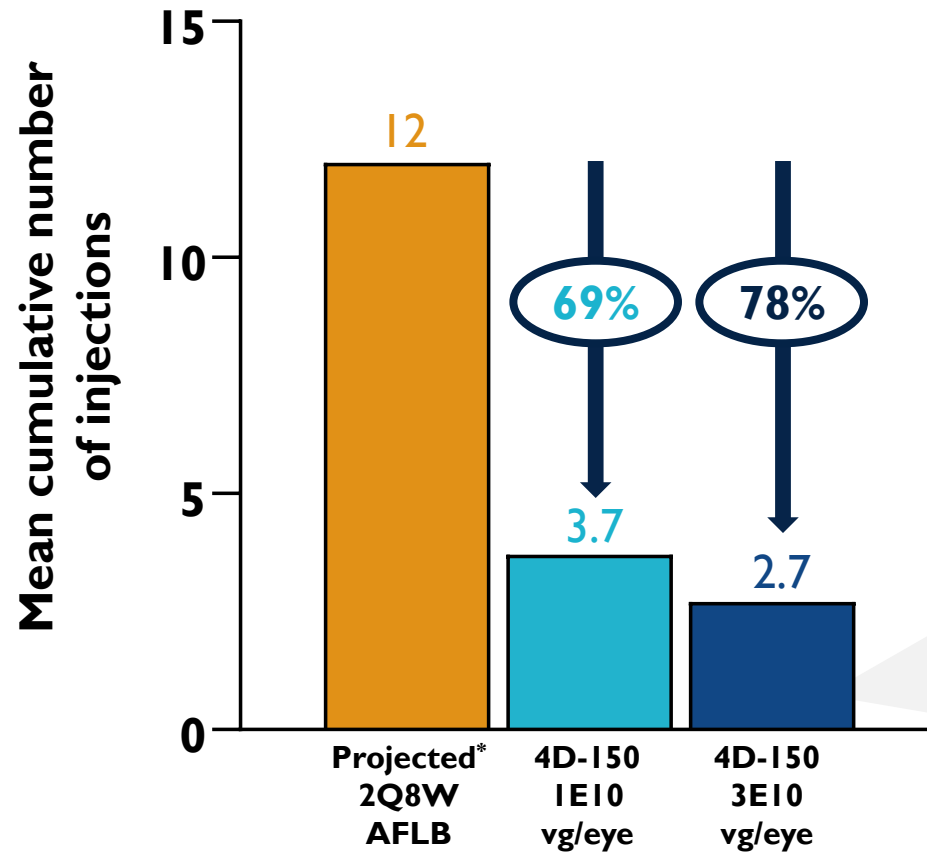
A Single Intravitreal Dose of 4D-I50 is Associated with Stable Anatomy and Visual Acuity Through 2 Years in a Broad nAMD Population



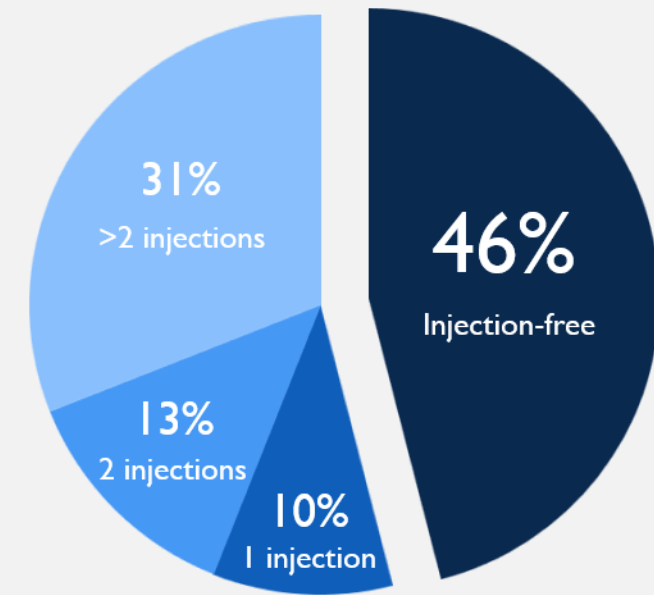
Data cutoff of May 18, 2026.
Aflibercept 2mg dosed at Day -7 and Day 28. 4D-I50 dosed at Day 0.
nAMD, neovascular age-related macular degeneration; BCVA, best corrected visual acuity; CST, central subfield thickness; ETDRS, Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study; vg/eye, vector genomes per eye.

A Single Dose of 4D-I50 is Associated with Treatment Burden Reduction in a Broad nAMD Population over 2 Years

>50% of Participants Required 0-1 Supplemental Injection



Supplemental Injections (3E10 vg/eye Dose)



Data cutoff of May 18, 2026.

*Projection based on approved dosing schedule for aflibercept in wet AMD after loading doses.

AFLB, aflibercept; nAMD, neovascular age-related macular degeneration; vg/eye, vector genomes per eye.

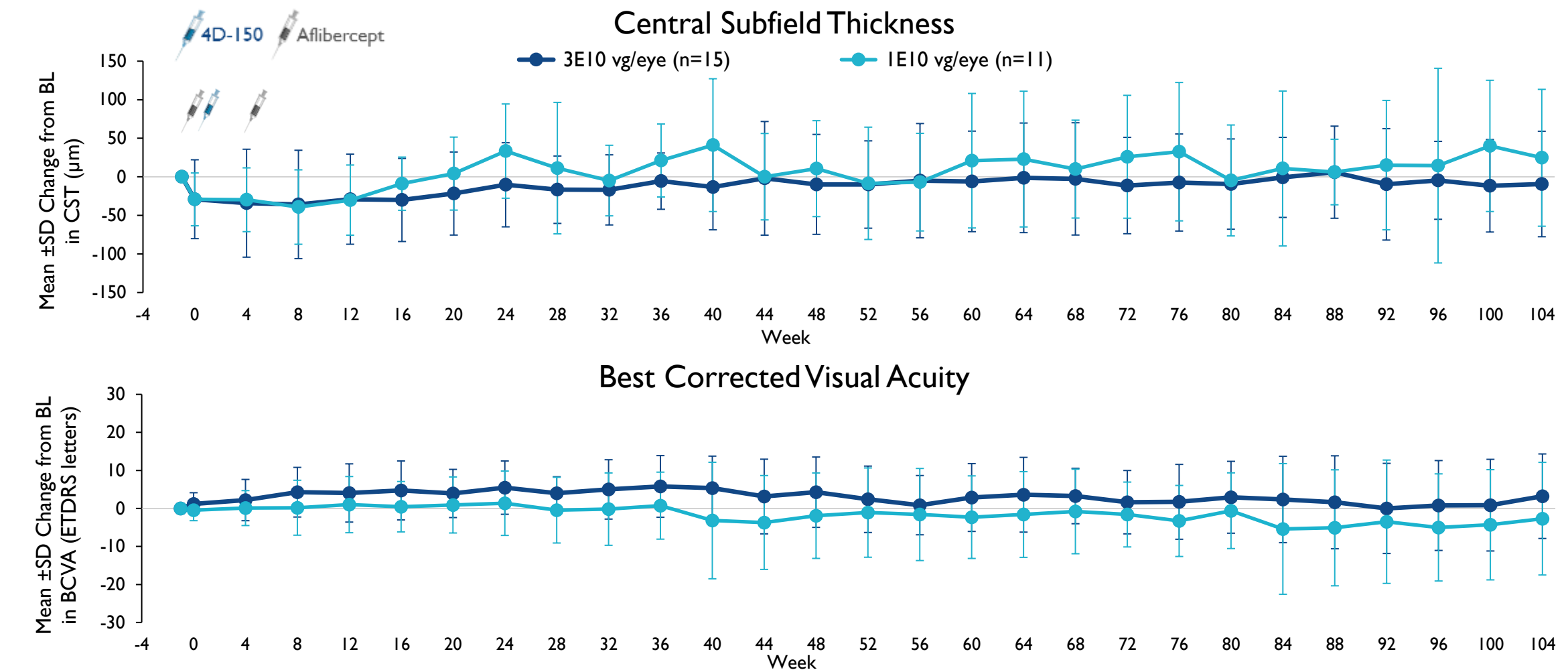
PRISM Clinical Trial: Focus on Phase 2b Cohort

Evaluation of 4D-I50 in a Broad Range of nAMD Populations

	Phase 1/2a	Phase 2b	Phase 2b Subgroup
Phase 3 Dose 3E10 vg/eye (N)	24	30	15
Population	Severe, Refractory	Broad	Recently Diagnosed
Mean Injections in Last 12 Months	10.2	4.4	2.7
Mean CST	425 µm	336 µm	304 µm
Mean Time Since Diagnosis	3.7 years	1.8 years	2.4 months

*≤0.5 years with previous treatment.
CST, central subfield thickness; nAMD, neovascular age-related macular degeneration; vg/eye, vector genomes per eye.

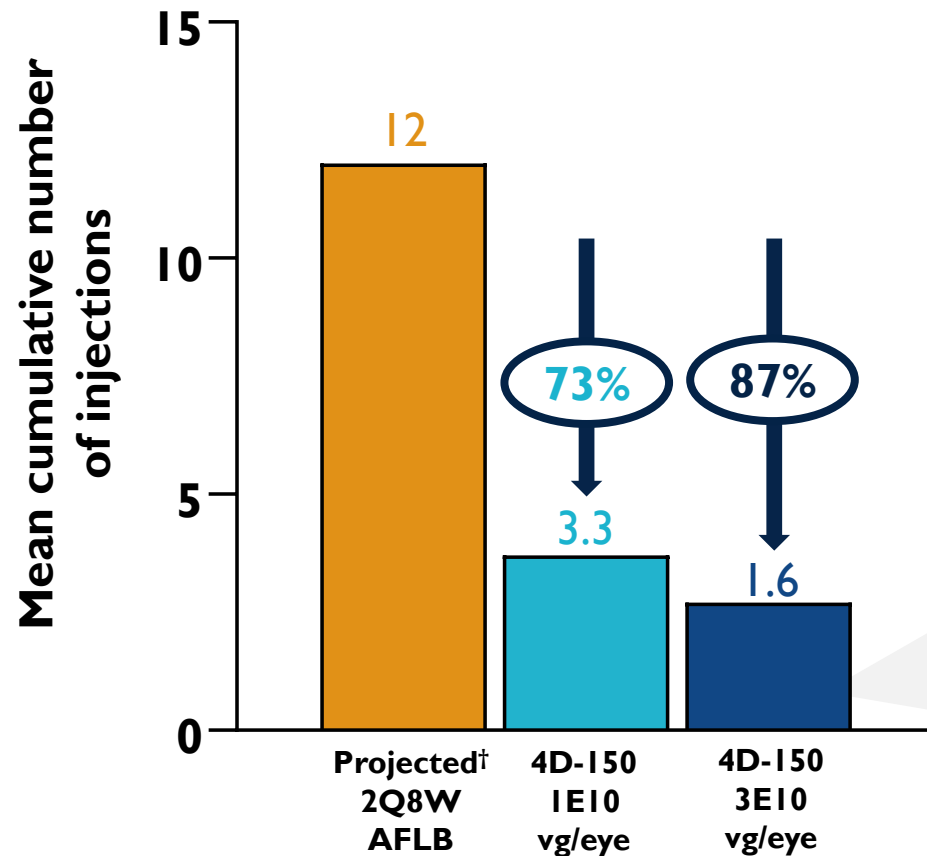
A Single Intravitreal Dose of 4D-I50 is Associated with Stable Anatomy and Visual Acuity Through 2 Years in a Recently Diagnosed* nAMD Population



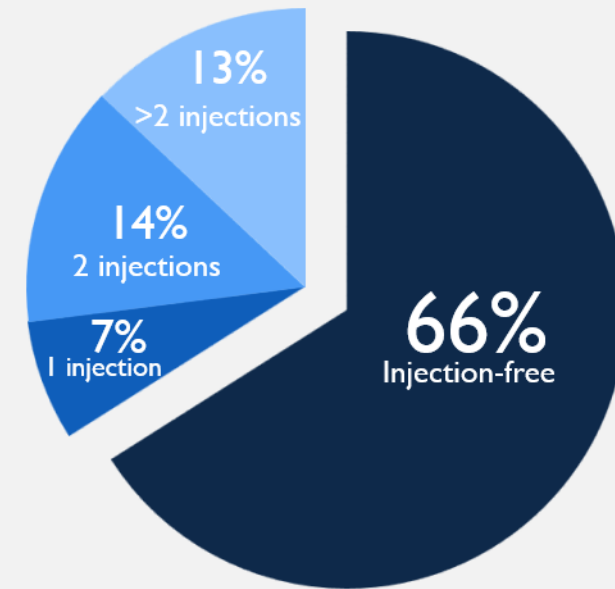
Data cutoff of May 18, 2026.
*Disease duration $\leq$ 6 months. Aflibercept 2mg dosed at Day -7 and Day 28. 4D-I50 dosed at Day 0.
nAMD, neovascular age-related macular degeneration; BCVA, best corrected visual acuity; BL, baseline; CST, central subfield thickness; ETDRS, Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study.

A Single Dose of 4D-I50 is Associated with Treatment Burden Reduction in a Recently Diagnosed* nAMD Population over 2 Years

66% of Participants were Supplemental Injection-Free



Supplemental Injections (3E10 vg/eye Dose)



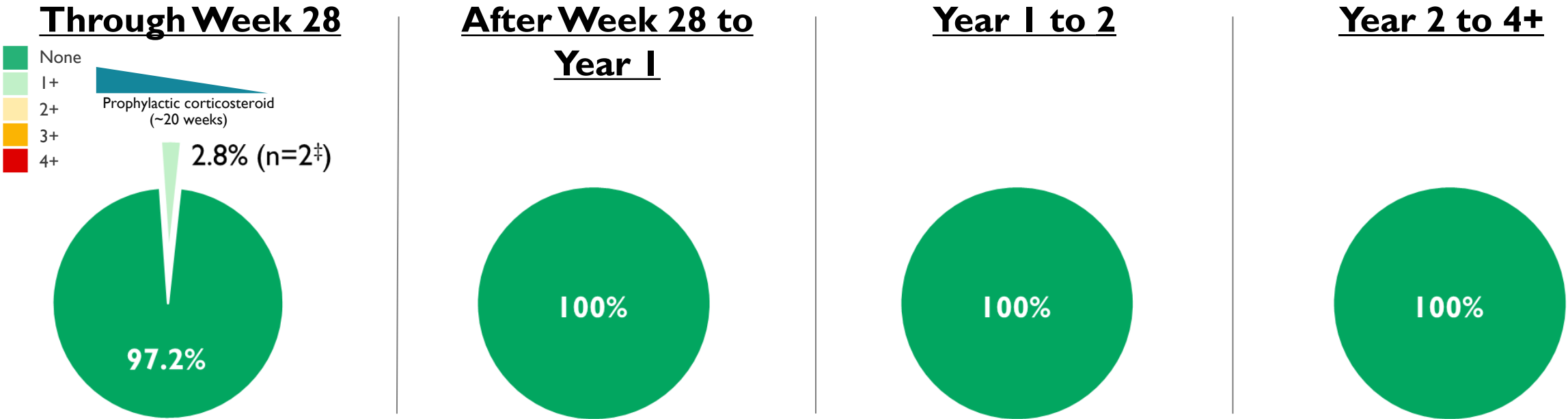
Data cutoff of May 18, 2026.

*Disease duration ≤6 months. [†]Projection based on approved dosing schedule for aflibercept in wet AMD after loading doses.

AFLB, aflibercept; nAMD, neovascular age-related macular degeneration; vg/eye, vector genomes per eye.

PRISM Phase I/2 Follow-up Suggests a Consistent and Predictable Intraocular Inflammation Profile

Highest SUN/NEI Score[†] with 4D-150 3E10 vg/eye (N=71)



- No 4D-150–related serious adverse events
- No 4D-150–related hypotony, endophthalmitis, occlusive/non-occlusive retinal vasculitis, or choroidal effusions

Data cutoff of May 18, 2026.
[†]4D-150–related. [‡]1+ VC cell in 1 patient at Week 4 & 1 patient Week 28.
NEI, National Eye Institute; SUN, Standardization of Uveitis Nomenclature.

Conclusions: PRISM Clinical Trial Long-Term Results

4D-I50 Demonstrated Consistent, Durable, and Predictable Clinical Activity and was Well Tolerated

2-Year Efficacy Data: Phase 2b

- Visual acuity & anatomic control maintained
- Clear and consistent dose-response, consistent with all 4D-I50 trials to date
- Consistent treatment burden reduction through 2 years†:

	Treatment Burden Reduction†	Injection Free
Phase 2b Broad	78%	46%
Phase 2b Recently Diagnosed*	87%	66%

Safety Data: Phase 1/2a & 2b

- No 4D-I50-related SAEs
- No IOI from 28 weeks through 4+ years (SUN/NEI Score)
 - 2.8%‡ IOI observed within 28 weeks
 - 0% IOI after 28 weeks

Data cutoff of May 18, 2026.
*Disease duration ≤6 months. †Projection based on approved dosing schedule for aflibercept in wet AMD after loading doses. ‡1+ vitreous cell in 1 patient at Week 4 & 1 patient Week 28.
SAE, serious adverse event; IOI, intraocular inflammation; SUN, Standardization of Uveitis Nomenclature; NEI, National Eye Institute.

Thank you to all trial investigators, research staff, patients,
and caregivers who contributed to this work!